

Barem

1. $x = n(n-1) + 2 = \text{par} \Rightarrow n \in \{0, 1\}$ (b)
2. $a = 2^{63} \cdot 5^{14} \cdot c$; $b = 2^{65} \cdot 5^{10} \Rightarrow (a, b) = 2^{63} \cdot 5^{10}$(c)
3. $c = 2$; $(a-2)(b-2) = 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 13 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 67 \\ b = 3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow S = 72$; $\begin{cases} a = 15 \\ b = 7 \end{cases} \Rightarrow S = 24$ (a)
4. $n = p^3 (F)$; $n = p \cdot q \Rightarrow 1 \cdot p \cdot q \cdot (pq) = 55^2 \Rightarrow n = pq = 55$ (a)
5. $\begin{cases} (x+1)(y+1) = 15 \\ (x+1)(z+1) = 12 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = 4 \\ z = 3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow mn = 2^2 3^7 5^2 \Rightarrow 3 \cdot 8 \cdot 3 = 72 \text{ divizori}$(d)
6. $a = 2k + 1$; $b = 2(2l + 1) \Rightarrow a \cdot b = 4t + 2 \Rightarrow u(3^{4t+2}) = 9$ (d)
7. $A_1M = \frac{A_1A_2 + A_1A_3}{2} = 2$, $A_1N = 8 \Rightarrow MN = A_1N - A_1M = 8 - 2 = 6$ (b)
8. $2x + 80^\circ + 2y = 180 \Rightarrow x + y = 50 \Rightarrow x + 80^\circ + y = 130$ (b)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
b	c	a	a	d	d	b	b

9. a) $S_i(72) = 1 + 3 + 9 = 13$; $S_p(72) = 2(1 + 3 + 9) + 2^2(1 + 3 + 9) + 2^3(1 + 3 + 9) = 13 \cdot 14 = 182$.
 b) $a = 2^m \cdot b$, $b = \text{impar}$. Dacă d este un divizor impar al lui a atunci d / b . Fie

$S_i(a) = d_1 + d_2 + \dots + d_k$. Atunci

$$S_p(a) = 2d_1 + 2d_2 + \dots + 2d_k +$$

$$2^2d_1 + 2^2d_2 + \dots + 2^2d_k +$$

$$\dots +$$

$$2^{2m}d_1 + 2^{2m}d_2 + \dots + 2^{2m}d_k.$$

Obținem: $S_p(a) = (2 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^m)S_i(a)$.

10. a) Fie $a = m(\angle AOB)$. Atunci $m(\angle A_1OB) = \frac{a}{2}$; $m(\angle A_2OB) = \frac{a}{2^2}$; \dots , $m(\angle A_nOB) = \frac{a}{2^n}$.
 $12^\circ = m(\angle A_3OA_5) = m(\angle A_3OB) - m(\angle A_5OB) = \frac{a}{2^3} - \frac{a}{2^5} = \frac{3a}{32}$; $\Rightarrow a = 128^\circ$.
- b) $\frac{128}{2^n} = k \in N^* \Rightarrow 2^n = \frac{128}{k} = \text{maxim}$; $\Rightarrow k = 1, n = 7$.